

Englischarbeit Klasse 5

Thema: Dictation, plural, a/an, have got, s – 's – s', telling the way

Name: _____

Datum: _____

Diktat: _____ Fehler

Note: _____

Aufgaben 2–7: _____ / 46

Note: _____

Unterschrift: _____

1 Dictation – Write down the text.

Schreibe den Text auf, den deine Lehrerin oder dein Lehrer vorliest.

Saturday in town

__ Fehler

2 Words – Find the opposites.

Schreibe das Gegenteil in das leere Feld.

behind	first	grandma	girl	near

__ / 5

3 Put the sentences into the plural.

Setze den ganzen Satz in den Plural.

a) *This lady has got a mouse.*

b) *That leaf is on the bench.*

___ / 6

4 Fill in a or an.

a) My cousin has got _____ old computer and _____ interesting game.

b) Mr Brown has got _____ idea: the school band needs _____ uniform.

___ / 4

5 Fill in have got, has got, haven't (got) or hasn't (got).

Achte auf Fragen, Kurzantworten und verneinte Sätze.

– _____ Emily _____ a bike?

– Yes, she _____. It's red. But she _____ a helmet.

– The Parkers _____ two rabbits.

– _____ they _____ a hamster, too?

– No, they _____.

___ / 6

6 Fill in s, 's or s'.

Ergänze jeweils die richtige Endung.

The Baker_____ house is in Hill Road. Their neighbour_____ are the Patel_____.

Lily Baker_____ dad_____ car is blue. Lily_____ cousin_____ are Max and

Sophie Evans. Mr Evans_____ dog is called Rusty. Max and Sophie often

play with Rusty in the children_____ room – and that's their two cat_____

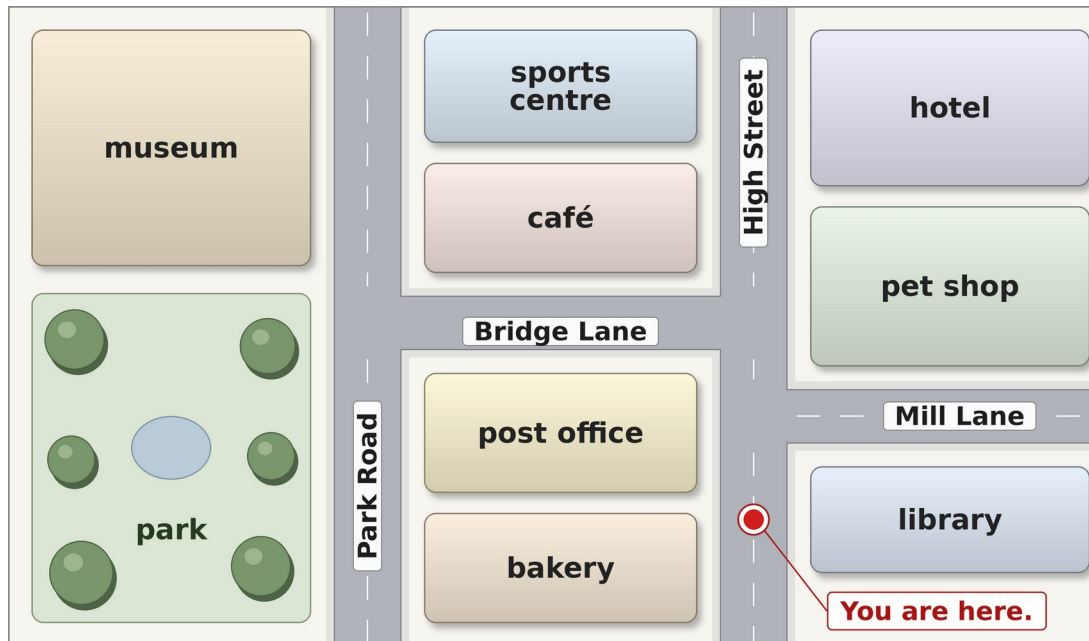
favourite place, too!

___ / 10

7 **Telling the way – Write a dialogue.**

You are in front of the library in High Street. A girl asks you the way to the museum. Look at the map and write the dialogue.

Schreibe das Gespräch auf Englisch: Frage des Mädchens, deine Wegbeschreibung und eine passende Antwort.



Lösung: Englischarbeit Klasse 5

Insgesamt sind 46 Punkte erreichbar, halbe Punkte sind möglich.

Note 1	Note 2	Note 3	Note 4	Note 5	Note 6
46–40,5 P.	40–34,5 P.	34–29 P.	28,5–23 P.	22,5–17,5 P.	17–0 P.

1 Dictation – Write down the text.

Saturday in town

It's Saturday afternoon at the Harpers' house. Mr and Mrs Harper are in the kitchen. They're making sandwiches for a picnic. But where are Lucy and Ben? They aren't in their rooms. They're in Chester! The town centre is full of people. Ben and his friend Oliver are at the sports shop. They're looking at football boots. Lucy is in the market hall with Emma. There are lots of stalls with T-shirts, games and books. Lucy has got her pocket money with her. "This is great!" she says.

(88 Wörter) Das Diktat wird nach Fehlern bewertet und getrennt benotet:

Note 1	Note 2	Note 3	Note 4	Note 5	Note 6
0–2 F.	2,5–4 F.	4,5–6 F.	6,5–8 F.	8,5–10 F.	ab 10,5 F.

Fehler

2 Words – Find the opposites.

Schreibe das Gegenteil in das leere Feld.

behind	first	grandma	girl	near
in front of	last	grandpa	boy	far

Auch richtig: grandpa – granddad / grandfather.

5 / 5

3 Put the sentences into the plural.

Setze den ganzen Satz in den Plural.

a) *This lady has got a mouse.*

These ladies have got mice.

b) *That leaf is on the bench.*

Those leaves are on the benches.

6 / 6

4 Fill in a or an.

- a) My cousin has got an old computer and an interesting game.
- b) Mr Brown has got an idea: the school band needs a uniform.

4 / 4

5 Fill in have got, has got, haven't (got) or hasn't (got).

Achte auf Fragen, Kurzantworten und verneinte Sätze.

- Has Emily got a bike?
- Yes, she has. It's red. But she hasn't got a helmet.
- The Parkers have got two rabbits.
- Have they got a hamster, too?
- No, they haven't.

Has ... got zählt als eine Lücke, ebenso Have ... got.

6 / 6

6 Fill in s, 's or s'.

Ergänze jeweils die richtige Endung.

The Baker s' house is in Hill Road. Their neighbour s are the Patel s. Lily

Baker 's dad 's car is blue. Lily 's cousin s are Max and Sophie Evans.

Mr Evans 's dog is called Rusty. Max and Sophie often play with Rusty in the children 's room – and that's their two cat s' favourite place, too!

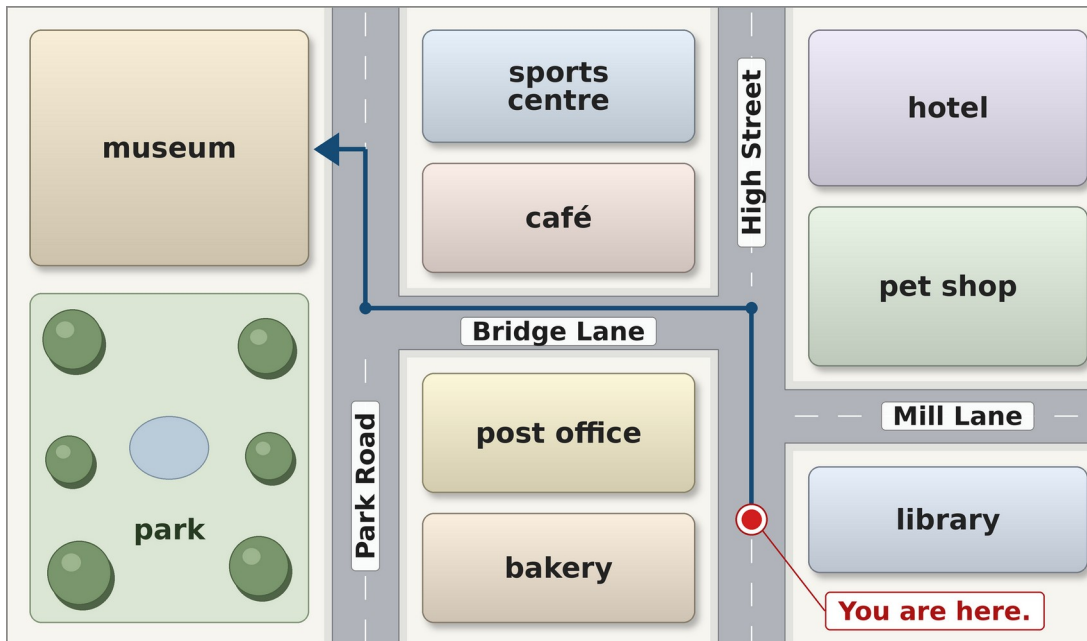
Auch richtig: Mr Evans' dog.

10 / 10

7 **Telling the way – Write a dialogue.**

You are in front of the library in High Street. A girl asks you the way to the museum. Look at the map and write the dialogue.

Schreibe das Gespräch auf Englisch: Frage des Mädchens, deine Wegbeschreibung und eine passende Antwort.



Beispiellösung:

Girl: Excuse me. Can you tell me the way to the museum, please?

You: Yes, of course. Go up High Street and turn left into Bridge Lane. Go to the end of Bridge Lane. Then turn right into Park Road. The museum is on the left.

Girl: Thank you very much.

You: You're welcome.

Auch richtig: Go along / down High Street ...; Walk up High Street ...; The museum is on your left.