Klassenarbeit - Grammatik

Going to Future; Übersetzung; Gegenteile; Simple Past; make, do und have

Aufgabe 1

What are you going to do?
Lea is talking to her mum about the fashion project. Complete their conversation.

Lea: Mum, have you got a few minutes?

Mum: Yes dear, of course. What for?

Lea: We _____ (do) a project at school.

Mum: Oh, that's interesting. So what are you _____ (do) in the project?

Lea: Fashion in the seventies. Sue, Liz, Dan and I _____ (do) a
fashion show in class. With clothes from the seventies. That's what I'd like to ask you about.

Mum: Of course, dear. It sounds great. But Jason? In a fashion show?

What _____ (wear)?

Lea: No, Mum, he _____ (not/wear) any of the clothes.

He _____ (present) the show.

Mum: I see. And what about Sue?

Lea: Sarah _____ (do) the make-up for the show.

Mum: Ah, and Kelly?

Lea: Kelly _____ (look for) old fashion magazines.

Mum: What about the other kids in your class? What are they

_____ (do)?

Lea: Some of them _____ (design) a fashion magazine, and…
But, Mum I wanted to ask you some questions.

Mum: Of course, darling, sorry. And what did you want to ask me?

___ /5P

Aufgabe 2

Translate

a) Ben und Mike sind die Jungen, deren Großeltern in London leben.

_____

b) Die Smoothies sind wirklich gut, nicht wahr?

_____

c) Am Sonntag hat Rick Goldy's Käfig gereinigt.

_____

d) Ich habe das Auto schon gepackt. Lass uns losfahren.

_____

e) Er kann um sechs Uhr am Bahnhof sein.

_____

___ /5P

Aufgabe 3

Write the opposite

question _____

take _____

exciting _____

___ /3P

Aufgabe 4

Talking about the last holiday.
Claire and Daniel are talking about their last holidays. Put in the correct simple past form.

Daniel: _____ (you/go) on holiday?

Claire: No, _____. I _____ (stay) at home.

Daniel: Oh, but _____ (you/have) a good time?

Claire: Yes, _____. But the weather was terrible. It _____ (rain)

a lot. But the hotel _____ (be) very pleasant.

_____ (you/go) away?

Daniel: Yes, _____. We _____ (go) to Australia.

Claire: Oh great. _____(you/like) it?

Daniel: Yes,_____, but the weather _____ (be) terrible, too.

Claire: Really? But it _____ (not rain) in Australia?

Daniel: Yes, _____. It _____ (be) winter there.

___ /8P

Aufgabe 5

Make – do – have
Match the verbs and the nouns.

the bed - tricks - an idea - a mistake - a drink - an exercise - a noise - fun - a film - sport - a project - a party

to do	to have	to make

___ /6P

Lösung Klassenarbeit - Grammatik

Going to Future; Übersetzung; Gegenteile; Simple Past; make, do und have

Aufgabe 1

What are you going to do?
Lea is talking to her mum about the fashion project. Complete their conversation.

Lea: Mum, have you got a few minutes?

Mum: Yes dear, of course. What for?

Lea: We **are going to do** (do) a project at school.

Mum: Oh, that's interesting. So what are you **going to do** (do) in the project?

Lea: Fashion in the seventies. Sue, Liz, Dan and I **are going to do** (do) a fashion show in class. With clothes from the seventies. That's what I'd like to ask you about.

Mum: Of course, dear. It sounds great. But Jason? In a fashion show?

What **is he going to wear** (wear)?

Lea: No, Mum, he **is not going to wear** (not/wear) any of the clothes.

He **is going to present** (present) the show.

Mum: I see. And what about Sue?

Lea: Sarah **is going to do** (do) the make-up for the show.

Mum: Ah, and Kelly?

Lea: Kelly **is going to look for** (look for) old fashion magazines.

Mum: What about the other kids in your class? What are they **going to do** (do)?

Lea: Some of them **are going to design** (design) a fashion magazine, and… But, Mum I wanted to ask you some questions.

Mum: Of course, darling, sorry. And what did you want to ask me?

___ /5P

Aufgabe 2

Translate

a) Ben und Mike sind die Jungen, deren Großeltern in London leben.

Ben and Mike are the boys, whose grandparents live in London.

b) Die Smoothies sind wirklich gut, nicht wahr?

The smoothies are really very good, aren't they?

c) Am Sonntag hat Rick Goldy's Käfig gereinigt.

Rick cleaned Goldy's cage on Sunday.

d) Ich habe das Auto schon gepackt. Lass uns losfahren.

I have already packed the car. Let us go.

e) Er kann um sechs Uhr am Bahnhof sein.

He can be at the station at six o'clock.

___ /5P

Aufgabe 3

Write the opposite

question	**answer**
take	**give**
exciting	**boring**

___ /3P

Aufgabe 4

Talking about the last holiday.
Claire and Daniel are talking about their last holidays. Put in the correct simple past form.

Daniel: **Did you go** (you/go) on holiday?

Claire: No, **I didn't**. I **stayed** (stay) at home.

Daniel: Oh, but **did you have** (you/have) a good time?

Claire: Yes, **I did**. But the weather was terrible. It **rained** (rain) a lot. But the hotel **was** (be) very pleasant.

Did you go (you/go) away?

Daniel: Yes, **I did**. We **went** (go) to Australia.

Claire: Oh great. **Did you like**(you/like) it?

Daniel: Yes, **I did**, but the weather **was** (be) terrible, too.

Claire: Really? But it **didn't rain** (not rain) in Australia?

Daniel: Yes, **it did**. It **was** (be) winter there.

___ /8P

Aufgabe 5

Make – do – have
Match the verbs and the nouns.

the bed - tricks - an idea - a mistake - a drink - an exercise - a noise - fun - a film - sport - a project - a party

to do	to have	to make
a project	**an idea**	**a mistake**
sport	**a party**	**a noise**
tricks	**a drink**	**a film**
an exercise	**fun**	**the bed**

___ /6P

Viel Erfolg!!

Gesamt: ____/27P

Note	1	1-	1-2	2+	2	2-	2-3	3+	3	3-	3-4	4+	4	4-	4-5	5+	5	5-	5-6	6+
Punkte	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	14	13	12	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3